

Vanilla Woods Body Wash

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2025-12-02

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name **Vanilla Woods Body Wash**

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses general use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Plant Therapy LLC
621 Washington St. S. Suite 100
Twin Falls ID 83301
United States

Telephone: +1 800-917-6577
e-mail: cs@planttherapy.com
Website: <https://www.planttherapy.com>

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service This number is only available during the following office hours: Mon-Fri 09:00 AM - 05:00 PM

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
A.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
A.4S	skin sensitization	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS05, GHS07



- Hazard statements

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Vanilla Woods Body Wash

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2025-12-02

- Precautionary statements

P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P272	Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
P305+P351+P338	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a poison center/doctor.
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label).
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

Copaiba Oleoresin , Sodium Coco Sulfate Powder, Himalayan Cedarwood Essential Oil, Decyl Glucoside

2.3 Other hazards

Hazards not otherwise classified

Contains Copaiba Oleoresin , Himalayan Cedarwood Essential Oil. May produce an allergic reaction.
Harmful to aquatic life (GHS category 3: aquatic toxicity - acute).
Causes mild skin irritation (GHS category 3: irritant to skin).

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures


Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
Sodium Coco Sulfate Powder	CAS No 68955-19-1	5 - < 10	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Dam. 1 / H318	
C8-14 fatty alcohol glycoside	CAS No 110615-47-9	1 - < 5	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Dam. 1 / H318	
Decyl Glucoside	CAS No 68515-73-1	1 - < 5	Eye Dam. 1 / H318	
Copaiba Oleoresin	CAS No 8001-61-4	< 1	Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	

Vanilla Woods Body Wash

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2025-12-02

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
Himalayan Cedarwood Essential Oil	CAS No 68991-36-6	< 1	Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	

Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

Vanilla Woods Body Wash

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2025-12-02

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as
frost

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

Vanilla Woods Body Wash

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2025-12-02

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)											
Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m ³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m ³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m ³]	Notation	Source
US	glycerine	56-81-5	REL							mist, appx-D	NIOSH REL
US	glycerine	56-81-5	PEL		15					mist, dust	29 CFR 1910.1000
US	glycerine	56-81-5	PEL		5					mist, r	29 CFR 1910.1000

Notation

- appx-D see Appendix D - Substances with No Established RELs
- Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur
- dust as dust
- mist as mists
- r respirable fraction
- STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)
- TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Relevant DNELs of components						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Sodium Coco Sulfate Powder	68955-19-1	DNEL	285 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Sodium Coco Sulfate Powder	68955-19-1	DNEL	4,060 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
C8-14 fatty alcohol glycoside	110615-47-9	DNEL	420 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
C8-14 fatty alcohol glycoside	110615-47-9	DNEL	595,000 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Decyl Glucoside	68515-73-1	DNEL	420 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Decyl Glucoside	68515-73-1	DNEL	595,000 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

Vanilla Woods Body Wash

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2025-12-02

Relevant PNECs of components						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Sodium Coco Sulfate Powder	68955-19-1	PNEC	0.013 mg/l	aquatic organisms	water	intermittent release
Sodium Coco Sulfate Powder	68955-19-1	PNEC	0.098 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Sodium Coco Sulfate Powder	68955-19-1	PNEC	0.0098 mg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Sodium Coco Sulfate Powder	68955-19-1	PNEC	6.8 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
C8-14 fatty alcohol glycoside	110615-47-9	PNEC	0.176 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
C8-14 fatty alcohol glycoside	110615-47-9	PNEC	0.018 mg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
C8-14 fatty alcohol glycoside	110615-47-9	PNEC	5,000 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
C8-14 fatty alcohol glycoside	110615-47-9	PNEC	1.516 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
C8-14 fatty alcohol glycoside	110615-47-9	PNEC	0.065 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
C8-14 fatty alcohol glycoside	110615-47-9	PNEC	0.654 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)
Decyl Glucoside	68515-73-1	PNEC	0.176 mg/l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Decyl Glucoside	68515-73-1	PNEC	0.018 mg/l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Decyl Glucoside	68515-73-1	PNEC	560 mg/l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Decyl Glucoside	68515-73-1	PNEC	1.516 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
Decyl Glucoside	68515-73-1	PNEC	0.152 mg/kg	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Decyl Glucoside	68515-73-1	PNEC	0.654 mg/kg	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tight-

Vanilla Woods Body Wash

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2025-12-02

ness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	liquid
Color	not determined
Particle	not relevant (liquid)
Odor	characteristic

Other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Flash point	not determined
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)
Vapor pressure	not determined
Density	not determined
Vapor density	this information is not available
Relative density	information on this property is not available
Solubility(ies)	not determined

Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
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Vanilla Woods Body Wash

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2025-12-02

Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Viscosity	not determined
Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none

9.2 Other information

Liquid content	96.92 %
Solid content	10.72 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components			
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
C8-14 fatty alcohol glycoside	110615-47-9	dermal	>2,000 mg/kg
Decyl Glucoside	68515-73-1	oral	>2,000 mg/kg

Vanilla Woods Body Wash

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2025-12-02

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components			
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Decyl Glucoside	68515-73-1	dermal	>2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
C8-14 fatty alcohol glycoside	110615-47-9	LC50	2.95 mg/l	fish	96 h
C8-14 fatty alcohol glycoside	110615-47-9	EC50	7 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
C8-14 fatty alcohol glycoside	110615-47-9	ErC50	12.5 mg/l	algae	72 h
Decyl Glucoside	68515-73-1	LC50	100.8 mg/l	fish	96 h
Decyl Glucoside	68515-73-1	EC50	>100 mg/l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Decyl Glucoside	68515-73-1	ErC50	27.22 mg/l	algae	72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

Vanilla Woods Body Wash

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2025-12-02

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations
14.2	UN proper shipping name	not relevant
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	none
14.4	Packing group	not assigned
14.5	Environmental hazards	non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations
14.6	Special precautions for user	
	There is no additional information.	
14.7	Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	
	The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.	

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information

Not subject to transport regulations.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Vanilla Woods Body Wash

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2025-12-02

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) not all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

none of the ingredients are listed

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

none of the ingredients are listed

Clean Air Act

none of the ingredients are listed

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

- Cleaning Product Right to Know Act Substance List (CA-RTK)

none of the ingredients are listed

- Toxic or Hazardous Substance List (MA-TURA)

none of the ingredients are listed

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

none of the ingredients are listed

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	/	none
Health	3	major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	0	material that will not burn under typical fire conditions
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Vanilla Woods Body Wash

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2025-12-02

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	0	material that will not burn under typical fire conditions
Health	3	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition

Vanilla Woods Body Wash

Version number: GHS 1.0

Date of compilation: 2025-12-02

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TWA	Time-weighted average
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.
 Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG).
 Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.
 Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.